

JANESVILLE DAILY GAZETTE

HOME EDITION

SOUTHERN WISCONSIN'S FARM AND HOME NEWSPAPER

VOL. 73. NO. 116.

CIRCULATION THURSDAY

12,000

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, FRIDAY, AUGUST 15, 1924.

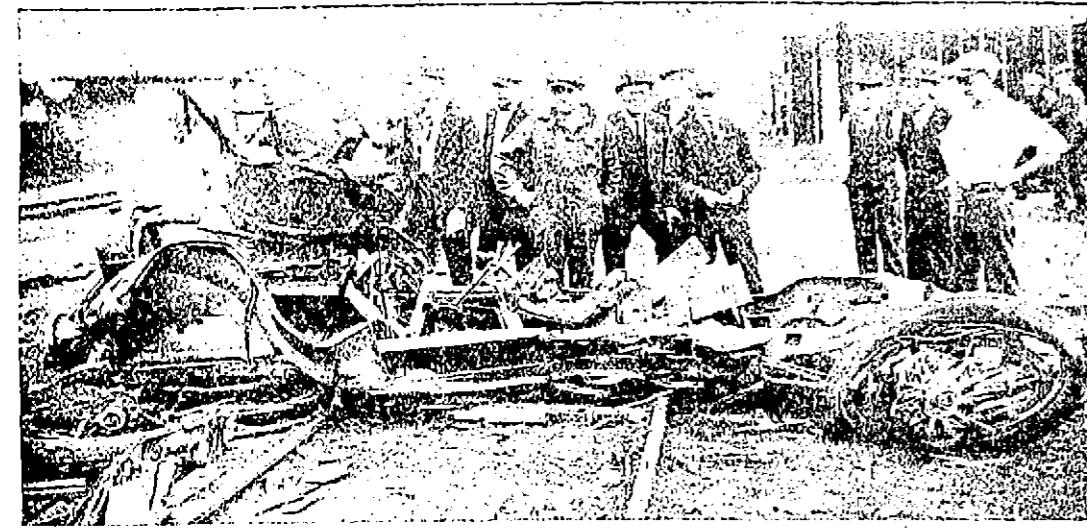
FULL LEASED WIRE REPORT OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

FOURTEEN PAGES

PRICES: By carrier in Janesville
per week \$1.00 per copy.

FARM PROBLEMS BIG IN COOLIDGE SPEECH

WHERE A. W. ROBBEL MET DEATH



Pictured, above, is all that remained of the automobile of A. W. Robbel, 622 South Main street, Janesville, after being struck by a St. Paul limited train on a dangerous crossing in Janesville, eight miles north of Waukesha, last Saturday night. Mr.

Robbel, driving alone to Janesville, was instantly killed. Funeral services were held this weekend in the city, Mich.

Girl Will Fight Murder Charges

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS]

Benton Harbor, Mich.—A wide divergence in the stories of Emil Zupke, Benton Harbor factory hand, and Florence McKinney, his 19 year old fiance, appeared today as the time for them to be arraigned on charges of first degree murder in connection with the death of Cora May Raber, approached.

Zupke, an unorthodox farmer lad, decided to take his punishment like a man, the said, and plans to plead guilty. His fiance, on the other hand, will fight the charge and plead not guilty.

Invites Sweetheart. The self-confessed slayer of the girl, who demanded that he marry her to give her unborn child a name. (Continued on Page 8)

NEW EVIDENCE TO CONFRONT MC COY IS FOUND IN AUTO

BLOODY PICK AX HANDLE LENDS WEIGHT TO ACCUSATIONS.

OTHER CHARGES Orgy of Shooting Is Admitted by Ex-Pugilist: Murder Denied, However.

EX-PIGILIST

Los Angeles—The gun that killed Mrs. Theresa Moon, for whose death Kid McCoy, ex-pugilist, is being held, was held within two feet of her head, a fact that might tend to support McCoy's story of the woman's suicide, the autopsy surgeon announced today.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS]

Tommies Put Down Sudan Rioting

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS]

London—An English News Dispatch from Khartoum states that Indians, armed with hammers and sticks, started a demonstration there today.

They were dispersed by British troops.

It was added that the British cruiser Weymouth is standing by at Port Sudan to maintain public security.

The dispatch stated that a fight occurred at Port Sudan on the arrival of British troops from Khartoum.

It was said the leaves of officials and British officers have been cancelled and certain responsible officials recalled.

New and disgusting features in the posting of the anonymous proclamation by the Khartoum authorities among the natives, consisting of verses from the Koran referring to the overthrow of unbelievers and an organized system of speeches, demonstrations and prayers in the mosques to influence the masses population to fanaticism, on behalf of Egypt and Islam against the English and India.

The latest news regarding the whereabouts of Schreiber is that he is located in Milwaukee. Baggage checks for a trunk and box, which Schreiber and his wife shipped at the office of Jamesville this afternoon of Aug. 2 show that the luggage was sent to Milwaukee. The information was furnished John Ganssche, chief of the identification bureau of the Milwaukee police department.

The fact that Mrs. Schreiber, wife of the fugitive, has been arrested another, lead Jamesville police to believe that she will enter a hospital in some city within the next few days. This fact is said to be one of the reasons Gov. Blaine pardoned Schreiber from the state prison where he had been sentenced Feb. 19 for beating another woman out of \$1,000.

Schreiber, following this release from prison, apparently came to Janesville working as a piano salesman. He is said to have told Mrs. Adams that he was about to open up a music establishment on South Main street and promised her employment.

The arrested man formerly represented the Merchants' Mutual Insurance company of the United States and is alleged to have defrauded that organization out of \$600.

The charge on which Hunt's arrest was made was that he forged a \$15 check to August Stricker of Elkhorn. He is also said to have obtained money on checks from the B. M. Hostick Clothing company, Myers Hotel and A. M. Hull of Milton Junction. Several other checks were also said to have been cashed.

SUPREME OFFICERS OF PYTHIANS NAMED

Toronto—John Ballantine of Boston today was elected supreme chancellor of the Knights of Pythias in annual convention here. Richard S. Witts of Milwaukee, Wis., was elected supreme vice chancellor in a closely contested election.

Mr. Broege closed the deal with a very desirable tenant within three days after the ad appeared.

If YOU have an apartment to rent—just call 2500—and let Janesville know about it.

THOUSANDS IN PILGRIMAGE TO VIRGIN SHRINE

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS]

Rochester, Wis.—Early today thousands of pilgrims from the Fox River valley and the peninsula began streaming into this village by automobile, on foot and by bicycle to attend the ceremonies held here annually on the feast of the assumption of the blessed Virgin.

Masses, which will be in progress until noon, began at an early hour. During the high mass at the conclusion of the morning's ceremonies, a procession will be held about the grounds and it was indicated that 5,000 people will be in the line of march.

The chapel shrine, erected in memory of a visitation of the Holy Virgin was the center of the religious rites of the day. Here many high in officialdom of the Catholic church, together with 200 clergymen, lead the ceremonies.

OPPORTUNITY TO SAVE.

The opportunity to save is not denied by every man. Every man is known for admission through the "advertisements" on front pages which appear on pages 3, 4 and 5 of tonight's Gazette.

STATE SCORES IN REBUTTAL ATTACK ON GLAND THEORY

NOTHING TO INDICATE ENDOCRINE DISORDER, SAYS EXPERT.

STAND UNSHAKEN

Technical Testimony Fills

Morning at Hearing in

Franks' Case.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS]

Chicago—One of the main points of the defense's plea for mitigation of punishment of Richard Loeb and Nathan P. Leopold, Jr., for kidnapping and killing Bobbie Franks, remains to be whether or not the endocrine glands, having effected their intent, was attacked by the state on rebuttal.

The entire morning session of the hearing before Judge John N. Cavanaugh was given over to technical testimony leading up to one question and answer and then cross examining.

"There would be nothing in the findings of the Bowman-Hulbert report to indicate disease of the endocrine glands?" asked the prosecution.

"There is nothing in these findings incompatible with health," was the reply.

The Bowman-Hulbert report, indicates disordered endocrine system in the youths and was elaborated upon the direct testimony of Dr. H. S. Hulbert, the defense's fourth witness.

Congress examination of Dr. Rollin T. Woodall, who testified as an

(Continued on Page 8)

Bellevue Hospital, and Dr. Lauder of the German delegation returned to the Biltz hotel from the Downing street conference at 7:15 o'clock (London time). They expect to meet Premier Heriot in about an hour.

Meanwhile legal experts are working with the German delegates on the draft of compromise proposals.

The Bowman-Hulbert report, indicates disordered endocrine system in the youths and was elaborated upon the direct testimony of Dr. H. S. Hulbert, the defense's fourth witness.

There is a proposal that certain points of the Ruhr would be evacuated immediately as concession to the Germans.

Congress examination of Dr. Rollin T. Woodall, who testified as an

(Continued on Page 8)

London—Chancellor Marx went to Downing street at 6 p. m. to acquaint Premier MacDonald with the German reply on the problem of the military evacuation of the Ruhr.

Woodall and Dr. Lauder of the German delegation returned to the Biltz hotel from the Downing street conference at 7:15 o'clock (London time). They expect to meet Premier Heriot in about an hour.

Meanwhile legal experts are working with the German delegates on the draft of compromise proposals.

The Bowman-Hulbert report, indicates disordered endocrine system in the youths and was elaborated upon the direct testimony of Dr. H. S. Hulbert, the defense's fourth witness.

There is a proposal that certain points of the Ruhr would be evacuated immediately as concession to the Germans.

Congress examination of Dr. Rollin T. Woodall, who testified as an

(Continued on Page 8)

London—Chancellor Marx went to Downing street at 6 p. m. to acquaint Premier MacDonald with the German reply on the problem of the military evacuation of the Ruhr.

Woodall and Dr. Lauder of the German delegation returned to the Biltz hotel from the Downing street conference at 7:15 o'clock (London time). They expect to meet Premier Heriot in about an hour.

Meanwhile legal experts are working with the German delegates on the draft of compromise proposals.

The Bowman-Hulbert report, indicates disordered endocrine system in the youths and was elaborated upon the direct testimony of Dr. H. S. Hulbert, the defense's fourth witness.

There is a proposal that certain points of the Ruhr would be evacuated immediately as concession to the Germans.

Congress examination of Dr. Rollin T. Woodall, who testified as an

(Continued on Page 8)

London—Chancellor Marx went to Downing street at 6 p. m. to acquaint Premier MacDonald with the German reply on the problem of the military evacuation of the Ruhr.

Woodall and Dr. Lauder of the German delegation returned to the Biltz hotel from the Downing street conference at 7:15 o'clock (London time). They expect to meet Premier Heriot in about an hour.

Meanwhile legal experts are working with the German delegates on the draft of compromise proposals.

The Bowman-Hulbert report, indicates disordered endocrine system in the youths and was elaborated upon the direct testimony of Dr. H. S. Hulbert, the defense's fourth witness.

There is a proposal that certain points of the Ruhr would be evacuated immediately as concession to the Germans.

Congress examination of Dr. Rollin T. Woodall, who testified as an

(Continued on Page 8)

London—Chancellor Marx went to Downing street at 6 p. m. to acquaint Premier MacDonald with the German reply on the problem of the military evacuation of the Ruhr.

Woodall and Dr. Lauder of the German delegation returned to the Biltz hotel from the Downing street conference at 7:15 o'clock (London time). They expect to meet Premier Heriot in about an hour.

Meanwhile legal experts are working with the German delegates on the draft of compromise proposals.

The Bowman-Hulbert report, indicates disordered endocrine system in the youths and was elaborated upon the direct testimony of Dr. H. S. Hulbert, the defense's fourth witness.

There is a proposal that certain points of the Ruhr would be evacuated immediately as concession to the Germans.

Congress examination of Dr. Rollin T. Woodall, who testified as an

(Continued on Page 8)

London—Chancellor Marx went to Downing street at 6 p. m. to acquaint Premier MacDonald with the German reply on the problem of the military evacuation of the Ruhr.

Woodall and Dr. Lauder of the German delegation returned to the Biltz hotel from the Downing street conference at 7:15 o'clock (London time). They expect to meet Premier Heriot in about an hour.

Meanwhile legal experts are working with the German delegates on the draft of compromise proposals.

The Bowman-Hulbert report, indicates disordered endocrine system in the youths and was elaborated upon the direct testimony of Dr. H. S. Hulbert, the defense's fourth witness.

There is a proposal that certain points of the Ruhr would be evacuated immediately as concession to the Germans.

Congress examination of Dr. Rollin T. Woodall, who testified as an

(Continued on Page 8)

London—Chancellor Marx went to Downing street at 6 p. m. to acquaint Premier MacDonald with the German reply on the problem of the military evacuation of the Ruhr.

Woodall and Dr. Lauder of the German delegation returned to the Biltz hotel from the Downing street conference at 7:15 o'clock (London time). They expect to meet Premier Heriot in about an hour.

Meanwhile legal experts are working with the German delegates on the draft of compromise proposals.

The Bowman-Hulbert report, indicates disordered endocrine system in the youths and was elaborated upon the direct testimony of Dr. H. S. Hulbert, the defense's fourth witness.

There is a proposal that certain points of the Ruhr would be evacuated immediately as concession to the Germans.

Congress examination of Dr. Rollin T. Woodall, who testified as an

(Continued on Page 8)

London—Chancellor Marx went to Downing street at 6 p. m. to acquaint Premier MacDonald with the German reply on the problem of the military evacuation of the Ruhr.

Woodall and Dr. Lauder of the German delegation returned to the Biltz hotel from the Downing street conference at 7:15 o'clock (London time). They expect to meet Premier Heriot in about an hour.

Meanwhile legal experts are working with the German delegates on the draft of compromise proposals.

The Bowman-Hulbert report, indicates disordered endocrine system in the youths and was elaborated upon the direct testimony of Dr. H. S. Hulbert, the defense's fourth witness.

There is a proposal that certain points of the Ruhr would be evacuated immediately as concession to the Germans.

Congress examination of Dr. Rollin T. Woodall, who testified as an

(Continued on Page 8)

London—Chancellor Marx went to Downing street at 6 p. m. to acquaint Premier MacDonald with the German reply on the problem of the military evacuation of the Ruhr.

Woodall and Dr. Lauder of the German delegation returned to the Biltz hotel from the Downing street conference at 7:15 o'clock (London time). They expect to meet Premier Heriot in about an hour.

Meanwhile legal experts are working with the German delegates on the draft of compromise proposals.

The Bowman-Hulbert report, indicates disordered endocrine system in the youths and was elaborated upon the direct testimony of Dr. H. S. Hulbert, the defense's fourth witness.

There is a proposal that certain points of the Ruhr would be evacuated immediately as concession to the Germans.

Congress examination of Dr. Rollin T. Woodall, who testified as an

(Continued on Page 8)

London—Chancellor Marx went to Downing street at 6 p. m. to acquaint Premier MacDonald with the German reply on the problem of the military evacuation of the Ruhr.

Woodall and Dr. Lauder of the German delegation returned to the Biltz hotel from the Downing street conference at 7:15 o'clock (London time). They expect to meet Premier Heriot in about an hour.

Meanwhile legal experts are working with the German delegates on the draft of compromise proposals.

The Bowman-Hulbert report, indicates disordered endocrine system in the youths and was elaborated upon the direct testimony of Dr. H. S. Hulbert, the defense's fourth witness.

There is a proposal that certain points of the Ruhr would be evacuated immediately as concession to the Germans.

WITH THE FARMERS

Farm Bureau Official Information

ROCK CO. WINS OVER GREEN CO.

Show Herd Holsteins Split
Even With Kelley Herd and
Swamp Green County.

Rock county's show herd dairy cattle invaded Green county and in the inter-county competition at the Monroe fair, Thursday, conquered, the new in the Holstein, the Rock, selected not the Rock and Green counties, but the string shown by John M. Kelley, Baraboo, who proceeded to make a few more bulls famous in addition to his great one. The Kelley herd and Rock county Holsteins split about even with Green county in the running only in several classes.

Kelley won two of the championships, setting an equal champion bull record. Junior champion female honors, with Kelley grabbing off the other two purple ribbons. The Baraboo herd has some unusually fine animals, all of a uniform type, and they are fitted to a good show. Only in one class were the decisions of Bob Haeger Illinois, the one questionable, and the Rock county men were satisfied with the placings.

"Olive" Grand Champion. Wadsworth, Olive Hillard, the age Holstein bull, dominated the bull class, defeating North Star Kaptaine Holstein, owned by Haberman and Hamm, Monroe, in the open class, and was senior and grand champion. The "Olive" bull in picking up the best and unless some accident prevails, will be in good condition to bid for his fourth championship at the state fair.

The Holstein group contests brought a several good classes. In the age herd of one exhibitor, Kelley took first; W. J. Ward and Sons, second; and Douglas, third. In the age herd contest, open to any exhibitors, Rock county won the blue, with the "Olive" bull. Millbrant, one. County Farm helpers, the J. Ward, two year old, and the Ward Junior helper, calf. Kelley took in one of the Green county animals, but still was only good for second.

The selected young herd went to Rock county on several different entries, with Kelley and Green county, combined first and second.

Kelley took the first honors on gets, with Rock county's entry of W. J. Ward and Son, second, and Kelley, third. Kelley won the blue in the produce of dairy Rock county, second; and Green county, third and fourth.

In the class for sire and four of his get, Kelley won first and Douglas, second, with two entries.

Bull calf Wins. There were four in the ring in the three year old class and the Kelley farm entry deserved the blue, being smooth and well fitted. Sam Lyons, Lyons, owned entirely by W. J. Ward and Son, and Arville, Fred, Jr., Janesville, was a good second, and Green county entry owned by Henry Stanfield and the pool bull of Green and Uebel, third and fourth.

Sir Triton Mercedes, owned by Grant Biss, Milton, topped his class, with Kelley's bull second and the Green county entry, owned by Jake Ultman, third and fourth.

Green county stepped in for a blue ribbon in the senior yearling division, one bull owned by Chet Newman, Juda, defeating the entry of Rock county, owned by E. E. Hall. It was a close decision to say the least, for the Hall's bull, in appearance, had the class easily. The Green county entry of M. M. and G. Douglas of Brodhead was a large class.

Kelley came in for a blue in the senior yearling class, with Oscar Wadsworth, Wadsworth, placing second for Green county, with the calf of Wieland and Jewett, Beloit, third in a large class.

On senior calf, there was a heavy class, with three brothers, Montello, to top, for the blue, the home team of the Wisconsin School for the Blind, second, Kelley, third, and the Wolf and Gollitz entry fourth, with the Rock county animals being in the money.

Kelley won the junior bull championship on the junior yearling, and the Rock county entry was made senior and grand champion.

Age Cow Classes. In the age cow class, there was a sharp contest between Kelley and Rock county, Kelley winning the blue, with the cow of Millbrant Holstein, Evansville, a good second, and W. J. Ward's cow, grand champion at Janesville, third and the Green county entry down the line. In the three year old class, Kelley again topped the class, with Henry S. Stauffacher, Monroe, second, and M. M. and D. O. Douglas, third.

Rock county started coming back in the two year old class, the blue ribbon going to the entry of W. J. Ward's cow, grand champion at Janesville, third, with Kelley, second, and Henry Haberman, fourth.

In the senior yearling division, Rock topped the class with the Rock County Farm helper, with Henry Haberman, second, and Millbrant, third.

Douglas entered the junior yearling division with Kelley, second and third. In the senior division, the entry of the Rock County Farm won against 15 other entries, including a string of club calves competing. Harold Hall, the second, then to Marvin Metz, fourth to Kelley, fifth to Rock county on a W. J. Ward and Sons entry.

Kelley won the senior and grand championship cow honors, and Rock county the junior championship on the County Farm yearling helper.

Other Breeds Show.

The Guernsey herd was without competition but Haeger, in looking the animals over, declared it to be an exceptionally fine stock of the Island cattle. Max, the Duke of Waukesha, was made grand champion in the jersey, bull, and lambs of the National, also owned by Dr. W. A. Dunn, champion cow. There were no junior championships.

In the Milking Shorthorn division, Steiger, chess, Brabham, Butter, owned by E. E. Hall, as grand champion in the over one year bull at West Waukesha, First Atkinson, Janesville, these two bulls even in the championship awards.

In the Jersey division, the age bull of Ellis Douglas, won the age bull class, but was defeated for the championship by the W. M. Johnson, Eagle, Waukesha, who, in the senior bull entry, G. Douglas and Son, was placed second. All other entries were beaten by Knight, Rock county, having only two Jerseys. It is the first time in seven fairs the younger bull has been defeated by the Knight bull yearling.

The Ayrshires were without competition.

Schmid Is Winner. Brown Swiss of Nick Schmid, Montello, dominated the "Swiss" cattle show, the Green county cattle not less than a class, and generally placing first and second over animals entered by

LILA SCHMID IS JUNIOR VICTOR

Brown Swiss Club Girl Wins
Three Championships at
Monroe Fair.

Fred Reuter, Lone Rock, Wis., and Ira Inman, Beloit.

The Reuter age bull defeated Carl's last, owned by Dr. C. E. Smith, Beloit.

There were three good two year old bulls in the ring, with Schmid winning, Reuter, second, and Inman, third.

Schmid won the blue in every class, with Reuter running second and Inman, third. The helper of Charles Dugger, making the awards on showmanship, the medals for which were awarded by the Wisconsin Livestock Breeders' association.

The Schmid girl won the champion-

ship in the showmanship contest and the championships on her Brown Swiss calves.

The junior show at Monroe this year established a new record for Green county. The county herd board appropriated funds to carry on the development of cattle and business.

Under the leadership of Vernon Divans, Green county's champion girl, the dairy calf club thrived with more exhibitors and a superior lot of animals as compared to last year.

In the showmanship contest, the Schmid girl placed first with Walter Inman, second, and Ethel Hassig, third.

The grand champion heifer and bull calf honors were won by Lila Schmid, who not only had good entries, but showed them to a decided advantage. Ethel Hassig, runner up for reserve champion, ran up for reserve champion on her calves with a Dugger and Dugger reserve champion on her calves.

The state farms also will be represented at the fair by cattle from state herds and other exhibits. Cattle exhibits will be entered from the following institutions: Waukesha industrial school for the blind, Janesville; northern colony and training school; southern colony and training school.

The new plan for activity at the state fair by state farm superintendents was adopted by the board of control as a means of encouraging greater interest in institutional work and to give directors first hand information of modern scientific farm methods.

"Olive" Grand Champion.

Wadsworth, Olive Hillard, the age Holstein bull, dominated the bull class, defeating North Star Kaptaine Holstein, owned by Haberman and Hamm, Monroe, in the open class, and was senior and grand champion. The "Olive" bull in picking up the best and unless some accident prevails, will be in good condition to bid for his fourth championship at the state fair.

The Holstein group contests brought a several good classes. In the age herd of one exhibitor, Kelley took first; W. J. Ward and Sons, second; and Douglas, third. In the age herd contest, open to any exhibitors, Rock county won the blue, with the "Olive" bull. Millbrant, one. County Farm helpers, the J. Ward, two year old, and the Ward Junior helper, calf. Kelley took in one of the Green county animals, but still was only good for second.

The selected young herd went to Rock county on several different entries, with Kelley and Green county, combined first and second.

Kelley took the first honors on gets, with Rock county's entry of W. J. Ward and Son, second, and Kelley, third.

Best bull Wins.

There were four in the ring in the three year old class and the Kelley farm entry deserved the blue, being smooth and well fitted. Sam Lyons, Lyons, owned entirely by W. J. Ward and Son, and Arville, Fred, Jr., Janesville, was a good second, and Green county entry owned by Henry Stanfield and the pool bull of Green and Uebel, third and fourth.

Sir Triton Mercedes, owned by Grant Biss, Milton, topped his class, with Kelley's bull second and the Green county entry, owned by Jake Ultman, third and fourth.

Green county stepped in for a blue ribbon in the senior yearling division, one bull owned by Chet Newman, Juda, defeating the entry of Rock county, owned by E. E. Hall. It was a close decision to say the least, for the Hall's bull, in appearance, had the class easily. The Green county entry of M. M. and G. Douglas of Brodhead was a large class.

Kelley came in for a blue in the senior yearling class, with Oscar Wadsworth, Wadsworth, placing second for Green county, with the calf of Wieland and Jewett, Beloit, third in a large class.

On senior calf, there was a heavy class, with three brothers, Montello, to top, for the blue, the home team of the Wisconsin School for the Blind, second, Kelley, third, and the Wolf and Gollitz entry fourth, with the Rock county animals being in the money.

Kelley won the junior bull championship on the junior yearling, and the Rock county entry was made senior and grand champion.

Age Cow Classes. In the age cow class, there was a sharp contest between Kelley and Rock county, Kelley winning the blue, with the cow of Millbrant Holstein, Evansville, a good second, and W. J. Ward's cow, grand champion at Janesville, third and the Green county entry down the line. In the three year old class, Kelley again topped the class, with Henry S. Stauffacher, Monroe, second, and M. M. and D. O. Douglas, third.

Rock county started coming back in the two year old class, the blue ribbon going to the entry of W. J. Ward's cow, grand champion at Janesville, third, with Kelley, second, and Henry Haberman, fourth.

In the senior yearling division, Rock topped the class with the Rock County Farm helper, with Henry Haberman, second, and Millbrant, third.

Douglas entered the junior yearling division with Kelley, second and third. In the senior division, the entry of the Rock County Farm won against 15 other entries, including a string of club calves competing. Harold Hall, the second, then to Marvin Metz, fourth to Kelley, fifth to Rock county on a W. J. Ward and Sons entry.

Kelley won the senior and grand championship cow honors, and Rock county the junior championship on the County Farm yearling helper.

Other Breeds Show.

The Guernsey herd was without competition but Haeger, in looking the animals over, declared it to be an exceptionally fine stock of the Island cattle. Max, the Duke of Waukesha, was made grand champion in the jersey, bull, and lambs of the National, also owned by Dr. W. A. Dunn, champion cow. There were no junior championships.

In the Jersey division, the age bull of Ellis Douglas, won the age bull class, but was defeated for the championship by the W. M. Johnson, Eagle, Waukesha, who, in the senior bull entry, G. Douglas and Son, was placed second. All other entries were beaten by Knight, Rock county, having only two Jerseys. It is the first time in seven fairs the younger bull has been defeated by the Knight bull yearling.

The Ayrshires were without competition.

Schmid Is Winner.

Brown Swiss of Nick Schmid, Montello, dominated the "Swiss" cattle show, the Green county cattle not less than a class, and generally placing first and second over animals entered by

Jam and Jelly Exhibit Popular at Local Fair

Brown Swiss Club Girl Wins
Three Championships at
Monroe Fair.

Fred Reuter, Lone Rock, Wis., and Ira Inman, Beloit.

The Reuter age bull defeated Carl's last, owned by Dr. C. E. Smith, Beloit.

There were three good two year old bulls in the ring, with Schmid winning, Reuter, second, and Inman, third.

Schmid won the blue in every class, with Reuter running second and Inman, third. The helper of Charles Dugger, making the awards on showmanship, the medals for which were awarded by the Wisconsin Livestock Breeders' association.

The Schmid girl won the champion-

ship in the showmanship contest and the championships on her Brown Swiss calves.

The junior show at Monroe this year established a new record for Green county. The county herd board appropriated funds to carry on the development of cattle and business.

Under the leadership of Vernon Divans, Green county's champion girl, the dairy calf club thrived with more exhibitors and a superior lot of animals as compared to last year.

In the showmanship contest, the Schmid girl placed first with Walter Inman, second, and Ethel Hassig, third.

The grand champion heifer and bull calf honors were won by Lila Schmid, who not only had good entries, but showed them to a decided advantage. Ethel Hassig, runner up for reserve champion, ran up for reserve champion on her calves with a Dugger and Dugger reserve champion on her calves.

The state farms also will be represented at the fair by cattle from state herds and other exhibits. Cattle exhibits will be entered from the following institutions: Waukesha industrial school for the blind, Janesville; northern colony and training school; southern colony and training school.

The new plan for activity at the state fair by state farm superintendents was adopted by the board of control as a means of encouraging greater interest in institutional work and to give directors first hand information of modern scientific farm methods.

"Olive" Grand Champion.

Wadsworth, Olive Hillard, the age Holstein bull, dominated the bull class, defeating North Star Kaptaine Holstein, owned by Haberman and Hamm, Monroe, in the open class, and was senior and grand champion. The "Olive" bull in picking up the best and unless some accident prevails, will be in good condition to bid for his fourth championship at the state fair.

The Holstein group contests brought a several good classes. In the age herd of one exhibitor, Kelley took first; W. J. Ward and Sons, second; and Douglas, third. In the age herd contest, open to any exhibitors, Rock county won the blue, with the "Olive" bull. Millbrant, one. County Farm helpers, the J. Ward, two year old, and the Ward Junior helper, calf. Kelley took in one of the Green county animals, but still was only good for second.

The selected young herd went to Rock county on several different entries, with Kelley and Green county, combined first and second.

Kelley took the first honors on gets, with Rock county's entry of W. J. Ward and Son, second, and Kelley, third.

Best bull Wins.

There were four in the ring in the three year old class and the Kelley farm entry deserved the blue, being smooth and well fitted. Sam Lyons, Lyons, owned entirely by W. J. Ward and Son, and Arville, Fred, Jr., Janesville, was a good second, and Green county entry owned by Henry Stanfield and the pool bull of Green and Uebel, third and fourth.

Sir Triton Mercedes, owned by Grant Biss, Milton, topped his class, with Kelley's bull second and the Green county entry, owned by Jake Ultman, third and fourth.

Green county stepped in for a blue ribbon in the senior yearling division, one bull owned by Chet Newman, Juda, defeating the entry of Rock county, owned by E. E. Hall. It was a close decision to say the least, for the Hall's bull, in appearance, had the class easily. The Green county entry of M. M. and G. Douglas of Brodhead was a large class.

Kelley came in for a blue in the senior yearling class, with Oscar Wadsworth, Wadsworth, placing second for Green county, with the calf of Wieland and Jewett, Beloit, third in a large class.

On senior calf, there was a heavy class, with three brothers, Montello, to top, for the blue, the home team of the Wisconsin School for the Blind, second, Kelley, third, and the Wolf and Gollitz entry fourth, with the Rock county animals being in the money.

Kelley won the junior bull championship on the junior yearling, and the Rock county entry was made senior and grand champion.

Age Cow Classes. In the age cow class, there was a sharp contest between Kelley and Rock county, Kelley winning the blue, with the cow of Millbrant Holstein, Evansville, a good second, and W. J. Ward's cow, grand champion at Janesville, third and the Green county entry down the line. In the three year old class, Kelley again topped the class, with Henry S. Stauffacher, Monroe, second, and M. M. and D. O. Douglas, third.

Rock county started coming back in the two year old class, the blue ribbon going to the entry of W. J. Ward's cow, grand champion at Janesville, third, with Kelley, second, and Henry Haberman, fourth.

In the senior yearling division, Rock topped the class with the Rock County Farm helper, with Henry Haberman, second, and Millbrant, third.

Douglas entered the junior yearling division with Kelley, second and third. In the senior division, the entry of the Rock County Farm won against 15 other entries, including a string of club calves competing. Harold Hall, the second, then to Marvin Metz, fourth to Kelley, fifth to Rock county on a W. J. Ward and Sons entry.

Kelley won the senior and grand championship cow honors, and Rock county the junior championship on the County Farm yearling helper.

Other Breeds Show.

The Guernsey herd was without competition but Haeger, in looking the animals over, declared it to be an exceptionally fine stock of the Island cattle. Max, the Duke of Waukesha, was made grand champion in the jersey, bull, and lambs of the National, also owned by Dr. W. A. Dunn, champion cow. There were no junior championships.

In the Jersey division, the age bull of Ellis Douglas, won the age bull class, but was defeated for the championship by the W. M. Johnson, Eagle, Waukesha, who, in the senior bull entry, G. Douglas and Son, was placed second. All other entries were beaten by Knight, Rock county, having only two Jerseys. It is the first time in seven fairs the younger bull has been defeated by the Knight bull yearling.

SOCIETY

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

FRIDAY, AUG. 15.

Service Star Legion, City hall.

Scandinavian-American Fraternity.

Mrs. William Schettler, Mr. and

Mrs. L. C. French.

Social Arts Club, Mrs. David Dean.

SATURDAY, AUG. 16.

Afternoon school picnic and reunion.

Fulton.

For Mrs. Benson, Mrs. Peterson.

Evening dinner for Miss Josephine Finnane, Misses Finnane.

Gladys Franklin, Bognard—Miss

Gladys Franklin, Pasadena, Cal., who

is spending several weeks with her

mother, Mrs. Nellie Franklin, 826

Wyatt street, entertained a company

at bridge, Thursday night.

At the party, Miss Franklin en-

tertained her companion, Mr. Hor-

Velley, Gledhill, President, Cal.

The centerpiece was a large tele-

phone with streamers or wires lead-

ing to individual telephones at each

cover. The announcement was made

by the telephones.

At bridge prizes were taken by

Mrs. W. Schettler, Springfield, O.

and Miss Marion Fletcher, Chicago.

Mrs. Schettler was also presented

with the guest prize.

Miss Franklin's dance is a ele-

eighth with the water department

of Pasadena. He is a graduate of

the California Institute of Technol-

ogy.

To Judge at Flower Show—F. M.

Palmer, 1502 Highland avenue, will

be one of the judges at the gladiol-

show which the Rockford colony of

New England women will give next

week in Rockford.

Miss Decker Hostess—Miss Muriel

Decker, 911 Sherman avenue, en-

tertained the Social Arts Club, Thurs-

day night. Bridge was played and

prizes taken by Mrs. Charles Taylor

and Miss Bertha Hinds. Mrs. Carl

Yost and Mrs. Harold Magnuson,

Chicago, were presented with guest

gifts.

A two course supper was serv-

ed at 10:30.

Bridge at Chevrolet—Bridge was

played at the Chevrolet club, Thurs-

day afternoon, with Mrs. Wayne

Eddy acting as hostess. Prizes were

taken by Mrs. Charles J. Evans and

Mrs. J. B. Temple. Lunch was

served. Mrs. Temple will act as

hostess at the next game to be

played next Thursday.

Party for Biddle-deet—The Misses

Gladys and Irene Attaway will

entertain, Monday night, complimentary

to Mrs. Josephine Finnane, route

5, whose marriage to Merwyn

A. Martin, Beloit, will be an event

of the month.

In Honor of Miss Earle—Invita-

tions have been issued for a 6:30

dinner party Wednesday, Aug. 20,

at Cliff Lodge, with Mrs. Raymond

Bakken, Mr. Horeb and Miss Peg

Barb, 1821 Laurel avenue, this city,

as co-hostesses. The dinner is in

courtesy to Mrs. Lucille Earle, who

is among the leaders of the season.

Mrs. Moore Hostess—Mrs. G. R.

Moore, 415 North Pearl street, en-

tertained a three-table club club,

Thursday afternoon, with Mrs. Wayne

Eddy acting as hostess. Prizes were

taken by Mrs. Charles Taylor

and Miss Bertha Hinds. Mrs. Carl

Yost and Mrs. Harold Magnuson,

Chicago, were presented with guest

gifts.

Eagles Auxiliary Active—The first

annual memorial service for deceased

members of the Ladies' Auxiliary of

the Fraternal Order of Eagles was

planned for Sunday, Sept. 1, at a

meeting of the auxiliary, Thursday

night. Mrs. Matilda Teubert and

Miss Mildred Donner are on the ar-

rangements committee. Mother's day

will also be observed annually with

appropriate exercises.

The auxiliary approved the child

labor law as an amendment to the

constitution of the United States.

Under the able leadership of Mrs.

Mabel Dudley, a drill team is being

formed.

Plans were made to hold a shower

in the near future for a bride of the

auxiliary. Mrs. Vina Schumacher

was named as chairman of the ar-

rangements committee.

Birthday Club Entertained—Mrs.

J. W. Lindley, 220 North Palm street,

was hostess Thursday night to the

Birthday club. Five hundred

was played and prizes taken by Mrs. W. F. Codman, Roy Horn and W. F.

Codman. Lunch was served at 5 p. m.

at tables decorated with flowers.

Misses

Jacqueline Hostess—Miss Jacqueline

Jacobs, Misses Rossart, Gwendolyn

Jacobs, Mrs. Rossart, Lee, and

Mrs. Arthur J. Livingston, returned

to this city Wednesday after-

noon spending a week at Chetek in

a family home party. Others of the

party were: Mr. and Mrs. G. W.

Livingston and children and Robert

Jacobs, East Chetek, and Miss Sue

Livingston, Livingston, Wis. Returning

the Janeville party attended the

Kiwans convention at La Crosse.

Surprised on Birthday—Dr. D. W.

Segerman, Madison, was honor guest

at a surprise party which Mrs. Seg-

ererson arranged, Thursday night at

the home of her parents, Mr. and

Mrs. J. J. Kelly, 15 North Chatham

street. The affair was in honor of

his birthday. Bridge was played

and prizes taken by Dr. C. T. Poole,

Miss Margaret Gray, Mrs. Arthur

Welsh, and Stanley Garbett. A two

course lunch was served at mid-

night.

Farewell Party Given—A club of

young women held a welcome road

and cheer party at Rockford, Tues-

day night, complimentary to Miss

Jacqueline, who is returning to

Milwaukee where she is training

to work.

In the party were: Mrs. E. J.

Jerald, the Misses Ethel Downs, Bernadine

Drake, Clara Ruzicka, Dorothy

and Georgene Kueck, Gladys

Tucker and Genevieve Kueck.

Attends Sorority Banquet—Miss Betty

Syles, 522 Court street, motored

to Durbin, Wednesday night, where

she joined a party of young women

of Delta Gamma sorority, Beloit col-

lege. A dinner was served at mid-

night.

Mystic Workers Picnic Sunday—

Mystic Workers of this city and Beloit

will hold a joint picnic Sunday at

Vista park. A program of athletic

events is being arranged.

Motor from Denver—Mr. and Mrs.

Frank A. Rausch, Denver, Colo., ar-

rived in this city Thursday by auto-

mobile. They will spend several weeks

at the home of their mother, Mrs. C. E.

Rausch, and sister, Mrs. Charles

Schulz, 704 South Main street.

Women Have Bridal—Bridge was

played at five tables at the Country

club, Thursday afternoon. Prizes

were taken by Mrs. George Bushholz

and Mrs. S. E. Wilcox. Mrs. A. P.

Burnham was in charge. The next

game will be played Aug. 21 with Mrs.

Bernard Palmer as hostess.

Entertaining at Lotta Pen Club—Mrs.

Bushholz, 615 South Jackson street,

was hostess. Thursday afternoon, to the

Lotta Pen Club, Five Hundred

was played and prizes taken by Mrs.

John Tamm and Mrs. Bertha Gowor.

Supper was served at a table

decorated with flowers.

10 at Dinner—Mr. and Mrs. A. H.

Bennison, 527 Milton avenue, gave a

dinner party, Wednesday night, com-

plimentary to Mrs. Floyd Benson.

Covers were laid for 10.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bushholz

and Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Wilcox

were guests.

Entertaining at Rockford Club—Mrs.

Bushholz, 615 South Jackson street,

was hostess. Thursday afternoon, to the

Rockford Club, Five Hundred

was played and prizes taken by Mrs.

John Tamm and Mrs. Bertha Gowor.

Supper was served at a table

decorated with flowers.

10 at Dinner—Mr. and Mrs. A. H.

TEMPTING ARRAY OF PRODUCE SEEN

Month of August Brings Wide
Variety of Fruits and
Vegetables.

August, the last full month of summer, is a joy to the housewife who takes particular pleasure in offering a pleasing variety of vegetables and fruits at the family table. Truly in the next month, there is more variety of fresh vegetables and fruits offered in Janesville stores than is evidenced at present.

The close of the second week in August finds much improvement noted in the quality of the fruits that are now in the market. The more common fruits are in their ascendancy insofar as the supply and demand is concerned with a resultant saving for purchasers.

Home Grown Tomatoes Show
Door county cherries have been purchased this week, Janesville fruit market this season being very late in arriving. They are 20 cents a box or \$2.10 a crate. Homegrown tomatoes were placed on sale this week for around 15 to 20 cents a pound. They are not very plentiful as yet. Alas, the market is not brilliant in its selling for a week.

Those seeking something different in the vegetable line may now buy white squashes, selling for 5 and 10 cents apiece. There are new parsnips for 15 cents a pound, and small white boiling onions at the same price. Green onions are also on sale. The new season's fruits are also noted among others for both fresh and vegetables. As the supply of other fruits and vegetables diminish, a consequent raise in price results.

Vegetable Variations Noted
Vegetables are on the upward trend, and reported for canning at \$1.50 per bushel. Apples and Arkansas Sweetmeat, California, Alberta, are selling for about \$1.35 for a large box. There is a larger supply of red and blue plums, selling around 15 cents a dozen. Oranges are going up, raising in price about four or five cents a dozen, bringing them up to 25 cents a dozen. The increase is in the better class of oranges.

Beneficial results from spraying are reflected in the fine quality of homegrown apples being sold at local stores. They are generally sold three or four pounds for 25 cents, dependent upon the quality. Pears are 10 cents a pound. The new season's cantaloupe has been raised slightly. They are now being generally sold for 15 cents each. Honeydew melons sell for 30 or 35 cents. Watermelons, which have been bought for as low as 27 cents, are now about 30 cents. Purchasers of blueberries will find a slight reduction in price this week.

Prevailing prices for other fruits which have shown little change are: Bananas, 10 cents a pound; Bartlett pears, 10-15 cents a dozen; green grapes, 20 cents a pound; blackberries, 25 cents per box; grapefruit, 10 cents; lemons, 30 cents a dozen.

VEGETABLES of Various Kinds
There are enough different vegetables on the market this week so that one could serve something different at each meal during the coming seven days, there being even beets, beans, cauliflower, tomatoes, onions, carrots, radish, turnips, sprouts, mushrooms and turnips. Peppers, mushrooms and lettuce can be purchased for salads.

Nearly everyone likes corn and each week sees more of it on the market. Farmers are bringing the homegrown to the city stores and a good hold for 10-15 cents a dozen. One grower reported that it is not very plentiful as yet. The tendency in the price is, however, downward.

Beets are 10 cents a bunch; cauliflower, 15-20 cents; cucumbers, 5-10 cents and up; celery, 10-25 cents a bunch; green onions, 5-7 cents a bunch; carrots, 10 cents; kohlrabi, 10 cents; dill, 10 cents a bunch; parsnips, 15 cents per pound; beans, 10 cents per pound.

JOINT UNION PICNIC
A big picnic of the Bessell and Janesville employees' union will be held Saturday at Palm Beach on the Bessell concrete road. Games and sports have been arranged. The picnic will be public.

PEACHES
A Large Shipment
Pure Cane Sugar
100 Lbs. \$7.20
Maple Leaf Butter
Lb. 39c
HOME GROWN POTA-
TOES, PK. 25c.

10 LBS. CANE SUGAR 71c
OPEN BASKET-OF
PEACHES 12c.
ONE LB. SEEDLESS
RAISINS 10c
5 PKGS. MACARONI 26c
LARGE PKG. OAT-
MEAL 20c.
LARGE PKG. GOLD
DUST 22c.

Fine Potatoes, pk. 1...25c
3 lbs. Blue Bell Coffee \$1.30
3 lbs. Star Coffee \$1.00
3 lbs. bulk Cocoa 25c
4 lbs. Navy Beans 25c
Black Figs 6 lbs. 90c
Home Grown Tomatoes
Corn Cakes
Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake
Bread

Ardee Flour, sk. \$2.25
Minnesota Flour, sk. \$1.85
P. & G. Soap, 10 bars, 39c
Fels Naptha, 10 bars...52c
House Brooms...69c
3 cans Sliced Pine...\$1.00
Cobbl' Red Raspberries 29c
6 boxes Searchlight
Matches 35c
Blatz and Buckeye Malt,
Fruit Jars, Covers and
Rubbers
Kraft, Pabst and Phenix
Cheese
A complete line of Vegetables and Fruit.

we sell
Bennison & Lane's
Snowflake</

TODAY'S MARKET

GRAIN

Chicago—Corn quickly advanced to day to new high price records for the season, together with wheat conditions, to the point that it was probable only a small amount of corn in the north would mature were largely responsible. The outlook for the crop was good, and the market ascended at once when buyers took hold in earnest, opening prices which ranged from 100¢ to 105¢ a bushel, and these were followed by gains of about 10 cents all around.

First reports led to sharp further gains, and all dealers in the grain and oilseed markets, the season's previous top figures. Forecasts of showers and cooler weather were out, and heavy profit-taking followed, with the market upholding its closed position, due to 75¢ net higher, Dec. 81, 1924.

When prices recovered strength from the first, however, the wheat market was inclined to sag owing more or less to warmer temperatures in the Chicago northwest. "M" was quoted at 100¢ a bushel, Dec. 81, 1924, and Dec. 81, 1924, 14.15¢, prices underwent something of a soft back, but then seemed decided generally.

Subsequently, indications of liberal buying on the part of shippers gave the market a much stronger upward impetus. First strong gains were made on the wheat market, July reached a new top record. The close was unassisted, 21.4¢ net higher, Sept. 81, 1924, 14.15¢. Dec. 81, 1924, 14.15¢.

There were grain sympathizing with other crops, starting in the lower to the advance. The 53¢ wheat, Oct. 81, 1924, took a marked turn and swing.

Provisions lacked support. Chicago, 100¢, steady.

Open 112¢, low 112¢, close 112¢.

Chicago—Butter: Unsettled; receipts 14,227 lbs; ordinary extras 36¢; standards 36¢; extra first 35¢; 36¢; butts 21¢; seconds 20¢; 30¢.

Cheese: Unchanged.

Eggs: Unchanged; receipts 9,000 cases.

Meat: Steady—Active: Larder, 18¢; 21¢; lard, 31¢; springs, 36¢; round, 15¢.

Potato: Steady to firm; receipts 26,000 cases; U. S. shipments 581,000 lbs; Kansas steady; Irish, 14.5¢; 14.75¢; 15¢; 15.25¢; 15.5¢; 15.75¢.

Meat: Steady; round, 18¢; 18.25¢; 18.5¢; 18.75¢; 19¢; 19.25¢; 19.5¢; 19.75¢.

Butter: 100¢, steady.

Cheddar: 100¢, steady.

Cheddar—Wheat: No. 2 hard, \$1.20; No. 2, 112¢.

Cheddar—Wheat: 100¢, \$1.15; 1.20¢; 1.25¢; 1.30¢; 1.35¢; 1.40¢; 1.45¢; 1.50¢; 1.55¢; 1.60¢; 1.65¢; 1.70¢; 1.75¢; 1.80¢; 1.85¢; 1.90¢; 1.95¢; 2.00¢.

Cheddar—Wheat: 100¢, steady.

Cheddar—Wheat: 100¢, steady.</

"Common Sense," Keynote of Coolidge Acceptance

Washington, D. C.—President Calvin Coolidge was notified of his election last night and in response delivered his address of acceptance as follows:

In the history of our country is recorded the public services rendered by our party for more than three score years. That is secure. I point to the recent past and the present.

It is easy to forget, but the impression which the condition of our country in March, 1921, made upon the people was so deep, so vivid, so abiding, that it will not soon pass away. Over two years after the armistice we were still technically in a state of war. We had no diplomatic relations with Turkey, Greece, Russia, Colombia, or Mexico, and the Far East was causing grave apprehensions. In raising and expending for a war, the amount of money which our taxpayers had contributed to the administration of public affairs and was all too prevalent in private life. An enormous debt had been contracted, then standing at about \$24,000,000,000, of which more than \$7,000,000,000 was in short-time obligations without any provision for payment. Government bonds were far below par. The high wartime taxes still burdened the people.

End of the War

Demobilization and liquidation remained to be completed. Huge accounts with the railroads were still unsettled. Transportation was crippled. Over \$11,000,000,000 of liquidated debts were due to us from foreign countries. We were still separated from a tremendous debt. Our banks were filled with frozen assets, and everywhere acute financial distress existed. Interest was high. Capital was scarce. Approximately 5,000,000 people were without employment. No adequate provision had been made for the relief of disabled veterans and dependents. There was no available or sufficient people and suddenly appeared merchandise pending upon us from foreign lands. The great powers were still engaged in burdening their people by building competitive armaments.

This staggering array indicates some of the major problems of this administration. Perhaps in no peace-time period have there been more remarkable and consecutive accomplishments than since March, 1921. We have ratified separate treaties of world-wide importance with Germany, Austria, Hungary, Columbia, and Mexico. Forty-two other treaties have been approved by the senate, and six treaties are now awaiting its action. A treaty concerning naval limitation has been resumed with Turkey and Greece, and we have established our rights and insured peace in the Far East and the Pacific Ocean. Our foreign relations have been handled with a technical skill and a broad statesmanship which has seldom, if ever, been surpassed.

In the domain of finance a budget deficit was inexplicably converted into operation, resulting in tremendous savings. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, our expenditures were \$5,358,000,000, and our surplus was \$8,000,000. For the year just closed our expenditures were \$5,437,000,000, and our surplus exceeded \$6,000,000. This was a reduction in the annual cost of government of \$2,041,000,000. The public debt now stands at about \$21,200,000,000, which is a reduction in three years of about \$2,730,000,000 and means an annual saving in interest of more than \$120,000,000. The \$7,000,000 of short-time obligations have all been punctually fulfilled or paid. The internal-revenue taxes have been reduced twice, and many of these repealed, so that during the present fiscal year the tax receipts will show a saving to the people of approximately \$6,000,000 a day compared with 1921. One government bond has sold well over 100.

More than 40 percent of the amount of debts due us from foreign countries has been liquidated, and will provide funds for the retirement of about \$12,000,000,000 of the principal of our national debt in the course of 62 years. These settlements are not only stupendous financial transactions, but manifestations of the most profound nature of international good faith and the dominion over international relations of moral power. The finances of this nation have been managed with a genius and a success unmatched since the days of Hamilton.

Small Army

The army may have been reduced to a total peace-time basis, and surplus materials and supplies converted into cash. Hundreds of millions of accounts have been settled with the railroads, which have been financed without any public expense so that they could adequately serve the greatest peace-time commerce ever moved without a shortage of cars. A great and important tool plan, which is now spreading to the colonies. Complaint of unemployment has ceased, wages have increased. Capital has become plentiful at a low rate of interest and the banks of our country, as a whole, show a high percentage of liquid assets.

Most generous laws for the relief of disabled veterans have been enacted, and the Veterans' Bureau established. More than 71,000 men and women have been rehabilitated, of whom over 38,000 are earning more than they earned before the war. Compensation is being paid to nearly 500,000 at the rate of about \$100,000,000 a year, which will be increased to about \$20,000,000 under legislation recently passed. Forty million dollars have been provided for hospital facilities, and under a new law hospitals have been opened to all the veterans of all wars, regardless of the time or cause of their disability. No government ever provided so generously for those disabled by service in time of war.

Immigration

To preserve American standards for all our inhabitants, whether they were the descendants of former generations residing here or the most recent arrivals, restrictive immigration laws were passed. I should have preferred to continue the policy of Japanese exclusion by some method less likely to offend the sensibilities of the Japanese people. I did what I could to minimize any harm that might arise. But the law has been passed and approved, and the incident is closed. We must seek by some means to demonstrate immigration to demonstrate

the friendship and respect which we feel for the Japanese nation.

Restricted immigration is not an offensive but a purely defensive action. It is not adopted in criticism of others in the slightest degree, but solely for the purpose of protecting ourselves. We cast no aspersions on any race or creed, but we must remember that every object of our institutions of society and government will fail unless America is kept American.

The Tariff

By means of a protective tariff we have saved American agriculture, labor, and industry from the menace of having their home market destroyed through the dumping upon it of a flood of foreign products. Under this wise policy we saw an economic revival, and our people as a whole in marked distinction from sufferers from the financial distress and depression of other lands, have come into an era of prosperity and content. As a source to receive the tariff surpassed all expectations in producing an annual return of the unprecedented sum of about \$550,000,000. A fiscal policy which places a large and much needed revenue in the public treasury, while stimulating business to a condition of abounding prosperity, defends itself against any encroachment in a manner which is demonstrated by its results. We have protected our own inhabitants from the economic disaster of an invasion of too many foreign people or too much foreign merchandise.

Disarmament

The people have never come to a full realization of the importance of the Washington conference. It produced the one effective agreement among the great powers in all the history of civilization for reducing the peoples of the earth from the enormous burden of maintaining competitive naval armaments. I do not believe any conference ever did more to promote the peace of this world. I am perfectly sure that none, even did so much to reduce the cost of government, by removing causes of inflation, in which lay the seeds of war in the end. Even our own country received considerable benefits. Only when that was done could disarmament follow. What had always before failed, then became a success. A policy was adopted which was more than revolutionary. It was stabilizing. It demonstrated at last that peace and good will are not only illusions, but actual realities. The credit for the success of this epoch-making policy, and for its practical consequences, is due to the initiative of American statesmanship.

There are those who would disregard all this for an undertaking to convince themselves and others that the chief issue of this campaign is honest government. In all my studies of political history, I could not find an administration which was more honest than this, a honest and courageous government; that for the purpose of checking extravagance, ever undertook to introduce a budget system, to cut down taxes, to purge the pay rolls, to make enormous contributions to the public debt, and to lay the foundation for the peace of the world. That is not the way of dishonesty. The government is sound. But individuals charged with wrongdoing are being prosecuted. The people of this country hate corruption. They know my position. They know the law will be enforced.

Honesty

Wherever there have been suspicions of guilt, involving members of any party, I have caused them

to be investigated and presentation made to the grand jury. If the evidence warranted, those suspected of crime have been indicted; and with one's favor but without malice, they will be tried in the charged atmosphere of the court. Whether it has appeared that the property of the government has been illegally transferred and held, action has been brought for its recovery and will be pursued to a final judgment. No government was ever able to prevent altogether the commission of such acts, but this government, under my direction, has done the best it can to detect and punish any and all wrongdoing. The laws of the land are being, and will continue to be, enforced. I propose to use every possible effort to resist corruption in office. The American government must be clean.

"I Believe"

Many principles exist which I have tried to represent and propose to our government. I believe in the American Constitution. I favor the American system of individual enterprise, and I am opposed to any general extension of government ownership and control. I believe not only in advocating economy in public expenditure, but in its practical accomplishment. I believe in a reduction and reform of taxation and shall continue my efforts in that direction. I am in favor of protection. I favor the permanent court and further limitation of armaments. I am opposed to aggressive war, and shall avoid involving ourselves in the political controversies of Europe, but I shall do what I can to encourage American citizens and resources to assist in reducing Europe with the sympathetic support of our government. I want agriculture and industry on a sound basis of prosperity and equality. I shall continue to strive for the economic, moral, and spiritual welfare of every country. American citizens will decide in the coming election whether these accomplishments and these principles have their approval and support.

Responsibility

The domestic affairs of our country appear to me to be far the chief concern. From that source comes our strength. The home market consumes nearly all of our products. Within our own boundaries it will be determined to a very large degree the economic welfare and the moral worth of the American people. These are plain facts, but there are others equally plain.

America, under Providence, has come to be a nation of great responsibility. It exists as one of the family of nations. We can not be blamed. Other peoples exist all around us. Their actions affect us, and our actions affect them, whether we will or no. Their financial condition is not and can not be entirely separated from our financial condition. But the final determination of our relationship to other countries lies in the brotherhood of man, because we believe in the brotherhood of God. That is our justification for freedom and equality. We believe in the law of service, which teaches us that we can improve ourselves only by helping others. We know that these principles are applicable to our foreign as well as our domestic relations. We can not live unto ourselves alone.

The foreign policy of America can best be described by one word—peace. Our actions have always proclaimed our peaceful desires, but never more evidently than now. We covet no territory, we support no foreign power, we have no harbors, no hostile intent. We have pursued, are pursuing, and shall continue to pursue with untiring devotion the cause of peace. These ideals we have put into

practical application. We have sought to promote peace, not only by the use of appropriate action, which they be small or great. This is one country; we are one people united by common interests. There should be no favorites and no outcasts; no race or religious prejudices in government. America opposes special privilege for anybody, and favors equal opportunity for all. We have adopted these principles because they are the logical conclusions of our ideals of freedom. Moreover, we believe they contribute to our material welfare. We oppose the artificial supports of privilege and monopoly because they are both unjust and unscientific. They are not right. They do not work. No sound and enduring government or prosperity can rest upon anything but the sure foundations of equal opportunity and justice for all.

The American wage earner toward the industry seeks that prevails abroad has ever been desired. Were such protection removed, the result would be felt at every breath in the land. Our industry would languish, factories would close, commerce and transportation would become paralyzed, financial distress would spread over the whole country. Before we are carried away with any visionary expectation of protecting the public welfare by a general avalanche of cheap goods from foreign sources, imported under a system which, whatever it may be called, is in reality free trade, it will be well not to count the cost and realize just what such a proposal really means.

Protection

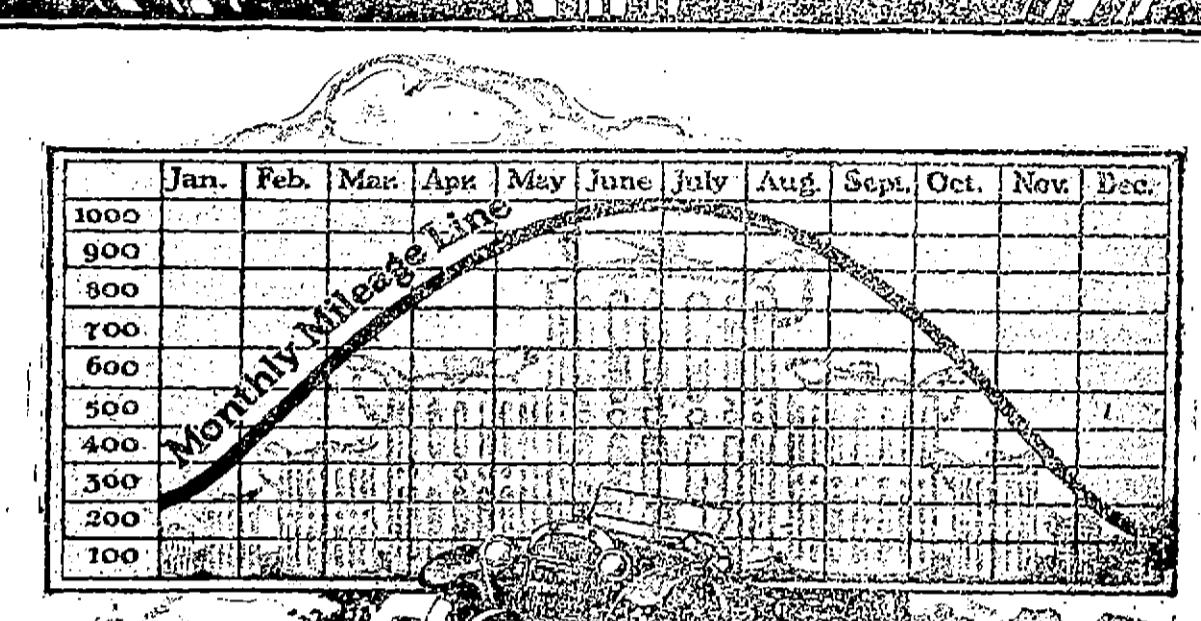
I am for protection because it maintains American standards of living and of business, for agriculture, industry, and labor. I am in favor of the elastic provisions of our tariff law. I propose to administer them, not politically, but medically. As the business of the world becomes stabilized, without throwing all our economic system into confusion, we can raise or lower specific schedules to meet the requirements of a scientific adjustment.

I confess that my inheritance and personal experience have bred in me a keen interest in the industry which prevails abroad. We are not the chief source of that independence and stalwart citizenship which has contributed so vastly to the glory of American life. It constitutes an element in our Nation of such importance as to be worthy of the utmost solicitude. The time of our first thoughts in 1921 were the Re-Red and revolts. As many as 15 laws have been passed to assist and support this fundamental industry. Through the War Finance Corporation it has been extended credits of between \$300,000,000 and \$400,000,000. In addition to this, \$200,000,000 in crop insurance for agriculture, industry, and labor, and \$100,000,000 in the funding of our tariff law.

Notwithstanding all this, agriculture was subjected to an era of most serious depression. Several of the great staples like cotton, cattle, hogs, and others suffered from low prices due to over production, unbalanced conditions between cost and sale prices in agriculture, industry, and labor, and the disorganization of the markets of the world. But for the enormous buying power which the high wages of industry put behind the market for American food products, especially meat, the agricultural regions would have experienced even a far more severe financial crisis.

Due to a change in the world supply, prices of products have begun to improve, even so far as to increase land values. The government rendered a great deal of assistance and private enterprise cooperated in the funding of the War Finance Corporation. As much as \$100,000,000 corporation was provided, no so much through the enactment of legislative laws as through the working out of economic laws. Because the farmers have thoroughly realized this, they have on the whole opposed price fixing by legislation. While maintaining that sound

(Continued on page 12)



Kerosene—Its Burden Grows with Summer Mileage

MOTORISTS sometimes indulge in strange logic.

They'll be emphatically "off" cheapened fuel in the hard starting days of cold weather, but allow the saving of a few pennies in gallon cost tease them "on" again now that summer makes firing easier to be bearable.

It is adulteration by kerosene that makes winter starting hard. But that's only a symptom—an index of the deeper harm of slow-burning, carbonization and oil dilution that must always abide with kerosene.

A rise of external temperature may affect the index a little but how can it remove the main cause? Right minded reasoning must show that the kerosene with all its deep-seated evils must stay right there no matter what the season or the outer air.

And because you drive more in warm weather the burden on your motor must grow heavier instead of lighter!

Wadham's True Gasoline

is neither "cold weather" nor "warm weather" fuel. It is all gasoline for all seasons. The goodness that is emphasized by easy starting in winter is there in summer, protecting you the more as the mileage grows, just as poor fuel bears down then with greater weight.

It is true gasoline—devoid of every element that is not genuinely explosive. It has no hidden cancers of kerosene and carbon to fool you with a mere change of external symptoms.

Wadham's Oil Co., "Emphatically Independent" Milwaukee

Wadham's True Gasoline and Tempered Motor Oil
Sold by the following dealers

Wadham's Janesville Branch, Ray Bertz, Manager

Office Cor. Western Ave. and S. Franklin St. Phone S09.

JANESVILLE

Columbia Garage—23 S. Main Street. W. T. Flaherty & Sons—310 W. Milwaukee St. Ben Fuder—108 N. First Street. Muenchow Bros.—533 Milton Avenue. F. O. Samuels—987 McKey Blvd. New Drive-in Filling Station, Corner Milwaukee and Locust Sts.

EDGERTON

Red Arrow Filling Station
T. & T. Motor Co.

EVANSVILLE

Harry Loomis
Heflef & Jorgenson John Medler

BRODHEAD

A. L. Allen & Son

LEYDEN

W. C. Ford

There is no
safe substitute
for True Gasoline

NEW SHOES for the NEW SEASON

Styles That Captivate!



Silk Hosiery
to Match
Your Shoes

Quality Footwear Without
Extravagance

REHBERG'S

"COMMON SENSE"
COOLIDGE SLOGAN
IN ACCEPTANCE
(Continued from page 11.)
they have seen a partial relief come in a natural way, as it was bound to come.

Need Is Great

We now need in agriculture more organization, co-operation, and diversification. The farmer should have the benefit of legislation providing for flood control, protection of waterways, navigation, east and south from the Great Lakes, reclamation, and especially relief for those who can not meet their payments on irrigation projects. But the main problem is marketing. Co-operative effort, reorganization of the freight and truck lines, better roads, good wages in manufacturing, and the settlement of European affairs will all help to provide better market conditions.

The Republican platform recognizes that agriculture should be on a basis of economic equality with other industries. It is necessary to say, but the farmers, throughout and their advisers have never been able to agree on a plan to provide it by law. Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

To the Farmer

A wise, skilled, and unselfish leadership can do more than anything else to rescue agriculture. The farmer needs leaders who will stay with him, who have the tact and the courage necessary for management, and who have the fidelity to refuse political preferment and business opportunity. There are such leaders, and the sacrifices they make to serve the farmer lies the greatest hope for his salvation.

Income Taxes

Only about 5,000,000 people pay direct income taxes. The remaining 95,000,000 pay indirectly, in the cost of all purchases, from a pair of shoes to a million dollars. This country has at least 107,000,000 of these indirect taxpayers. I am not worried about the effect on a few thousand persons having large incomes because they have to pay all taxes. They can take care of themselves, whatever happens, as the rich always can. What concerns me is the indirect effect of high taxation on all the rest of the people. We must always remember the poor. Whether the tax is the democratic or the aristocratic, it is the tax at the end of the year. It will always be found that the poor as a whole have paid the taxes. We should, therefore, have a system of taxation under which the people as a whole have paid the taxes. We should, therefore, have a system of taxation under which the people as a whole are most likely to be persons. Our country will be better off if we are regarding those who are willing to toil and save, it follows in taxation and all else the straight path of justice.

Waste of Wealth

The war left us with many evils. One result was the tremendous waste of wealth. The people of this country were required to re-create very nearly one-fifth of our national resources. All of this stupendous sum has to be earned. When so large a part of the wealth of 200 years is taken away, it is not easily recovered. It takes all the time, the energy of men, of enterprise, of the vast properties represented by invested capital, and of material, working through years, to repair the damage and replace the values destroyed by war.

Extravagance

The only method by which we can make up this loss is by saving a part of what we produce each day. It will make little difference how much we raise on the farm, or how much we turn out in the mill, if it is all used up or all the proceeds expended. We must, therefore, reduce our present private and public burdens, by retarding from private and public extravagance. We must resist private and public outlays for which there is no commensurate return. This is economy. Whatever anybody may claim or say, there is no other method by which the people can at the expense of their tremendous financial burdens.

It is for that reason that the present administration has made every possible effort to cut down the expenses of government. The country needs every ounce of its energy to restore itself. The cost of the Government must be paid by the people. We must, therefore, insist that the farmer be forced to provide a certain amount of money out of the sale of his produce, no matter how low the price, to pay his taxes. The manufacturer, the professional man, and the clerk must do the same from their income. The wage earner, too, ten at a high rate, is compelled to pay his taxes, unless his contribution, perhaps not directly but indirectly, in the advanced cost of everything he buys. The expenses of the Government reach everybody. Taxes take from everyone a part of his earnings, and force everyone to work for a certain part of his time for the Government.

Cost of Government

When we come to realize that the yearly expenses of all the governments in this country have reached the stupendous sum of about \$7,500,000,000, we see that about \$600,000,000 of this amount is needed by the National Government, and the remainder by local governments. Such a sum is difficult to comprehend. It represents all the pay of 5,000,000 wage earners, receiving \$5 a day, working 200 days a year. If the wage earner should add on \$100,000,000 of expense, it would represent 100 more days' work of these wage earners. These are some of the reasons why I want to cut down public expenses.

I want the people of America to be able to work less for the Government and more for themselves. I want them to have the rewards of their own industry. That is the chief meaning of freedom. Until we can re-establish a condition under which the earning of the people are not bound to suffer at any direct curtailment of our liberty.

These results are not fanciful; they are not imaginary; they are grimly actual and real, reaching into every household in the land. They take from each home annually an average of over \$100. All this must be paid. They are not a voluntary contribution to be met out of surplus earnings. They are a stern necessity. They come first. It is only out of what is left after they are paid that the necessities of food, clothing, and shelter can be provided. The comforts of the soul for a broader and more abundant life gratified. When the Government effects a new economy, it grants everybody a life pension with which to raise the standard of existence, to increase the value of everybody's property, and ensure the greatest prosperity that can be bestowed upon

the American people in government.

Cut the Taxes

Because of my belief in these principles, I favor economy in government. The bill which I signed will save the people about \$1,000,000 each day. I have further suggested a more radical reform. The raising of the revenue required to conduct our Government is intimately connected with our economic welfare. If it is done by wise and just laws, the burden will be the most easily borne. But if the method of taxation is not wise, it will be difficult to relieve even the financial panic. I have thought should be to maintain unimpaired the activity of agriculture and industry. That tax is theoretically best which interferes least with business.

Every student knows that excessive high taxes defeat their own purpose. They do not, in the case of revenue, turn all the tax into a basis of economic equality with other industries. It is necessary to say, but the farmers, throughout and their advisers have never been able to agree on a plan to provide it by law.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to secure the result which we all desire. I want profitable agriculture established permanently. I want to see the dollar of the farmer always purchase as much as any other dollar.

Now that nature and economic law have given some temporary relief, I propose, therefore, to appoint a committee to investigate and report measures to the Congress to

Tomorrow and Tomorrow and Tomorrow Will See Equally Helpful Offers Here

JANESEVILLE GAZETTE Classified Advertising

All ads are restricted to their proper classifications and to the regular Gazette style of type.

Errors in advertisements should be reported to the Gazette.

The Gazette will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion.

Daily rate per line for consecutive

insertions:

Charge Cash.

One day 16 12

Three days 13 11

Six days 11 9

Twelve days 10 8

Twenty-four days 9 7

Forty-eight days 8 6

One hundred and twenty days 7 5

Two hundred and forty days 6 4

Three hundred and sixty days 5 3

Four hundred and eighty days 4 2

Five hundred and twenty days 3 1

Six hundred and forty days 2 0

Seven hundred and sixty days 1 9

Eight hundred and eighty days 1 8

Nine hundred and twenty days 1 7

Ten hundred and forty days 1 6

Eleven hundred and sixty days 1 5

Twelve hundred and eighty days 1 4

Thirteen hundred and twenty days 1 3

Fourteen hundred and forty days 1 2

Fifteen hundred and sixty days 1 1

Sixteen hundred and eighty days 1 0

Seventeen hundred and twenty days 9 9

Eighteen hundred and forty days 8 8

Nineteen hundred and sixty days 7 7

Twenty thousand days 6 6

Twenty-four thousand days 5 5

Twenty-eight thousand days 4 4

Thirty-two thousand days 3 3

Thirty-six thousand days 2 2

Forty thousand days 1 1

Forty-eight thousand days 1 0

Fifty-six thousand days 9 9

Sixty-four thousand days 8 8

Seventy-two thousand days 7 7

Eighty thousand days 6 6

Ninety-six thousand days 5 5

One hundred and twenty thousand days 4 4

One hundred and forty thousand days 3 3

One hundred and sixty thousand days 2 2

One hundred and eighty thousand days 1 1

One hundred and twenty thousand days 1 0

One hundred and forty thousand days 9 9

One hundred and sixty thousand days 8 8

One hundred and eighty thousand days 7 7

One hundred and twenty thousand days 6 6

One hundred and forty thousand days 5 5

One hundred and sixty thousand days 4 4

One hundred and eighty thousand days 3 3

One hundred and twenty thousand days 2 2

One hundred and forty thousand days 1 1

One hundred and sixty thousand days 1 0

One hundred and eighty thousand days 9 9

One hundred and twenty thousand days 8 8

One hundred and forty thousand days 7 7

One hundred and sixty thousand days 6 6

One hundred and eighty thousand days 5 5

One hundred and twenty thousand days 4 4

One hundred and forty thousand days 3 3

One hundred and sixty thousand days 2 2

One hundred and eighty thousand days 1 1

One hundred and twenty thousand days 1 0

One hundred and forty thousand days 9 9

One hundred and sixty thousand days 8 8

One hundred and eighty thousand days 7 7

One hundred and twenty thousand days 6 6

One hundred and forty thousand days 5 5

One hundred and sixty thousand days 4 4

One hundred and eighty thousand days 3 3

One hundred and twenty thousand days 2 2

One hundred and forty thousand days 1 1

One hundred and sixty thousand days 1 0

One hundred and eighty thousand days 9 9

One hundred and twenty thousand days 8 8

One hundred and forty thousand days 7 7

One hundred and sixty thousand days 6 6

One hundred and eighty thousand days 5 5

One hundred and twenty thousand days 4 4

One hundred and forty thousand days 3 3

One hundred and sixty thousand days 2 2

One hundred and eighty thousand days 1 1

One hundred and twenty thousand days 1 0

One hundred and forty thousand days 9 9

One hundred and sixty thousand days 8 8

One hundred and eighty thousand days 7 7

One hundred and twenty thousand days 6 6

One hundred and forty thousand days 5 5

One hundred and sixty thousand days 4 4

One hundred and eighty thousand days 3 3

One hundred and twenty thousand days 2 2

One hundred and forty thousand days 1 1

One hundred and sixty thousand days 1 0

One hundred and eighty thousand days 9 9

One hundred and twenty thousand days 8 8

One hundred and forty thousand days 7 7

One hundred and sixty thousand days 6 6

One hundred and eighty thousand days 5 5

One hundred and twenty thousand days 4 4

One hundred and forty thousand days 3 3

One hundred and sixty thousand days 2 2

One hundred and eighty thousand days 1 1

One hundred and twenty thousand days 1 0

One hundred and forty thousand days 9 9

One hundred and sixty thousand days 8 8

One hundred and eighty thousand days 7 7

One hundred and twenty thousand days 6 6

One hundred and forty thousand days 5 5

One hundred and sixty thousand days 4 4

One hundred and eighty thousand days 3 3

One hundred and twenty thousand days 2 2

One hundred and forty thousand days 1 1

One hundred and sixty thousand days 1 0

One hundred and eighty thousand days 9 9

One hundred and twenty thousand days 8 8

One hundred and forty thousand days 7 7

One hundred and sixty thousand days 6 6

One hundred and eighty thousand days 5 5

One hundred and twenty thousand days 4 4

One hundred and forty thousand days 3 3

One hundred and sixty thousand days 2 2

One hundred and eighty thousand days 1 1

One hundred and twenty thousand days 1 0

One hundred and forty thousand days 9 9

One hundred and sixty thousand days 8 8

One hundred and eighty thousand days 7 7

One hundred and twenty thousand days 6 6

One hundred and forty thousand days 5 5

One hundred and sixty thousand days 4 4

One hundred and eighty thousand days 3 3

One hundred and twenty thousand days 2 2

One hundred and forty thousand days 1 1

One hundred and sixty thousand days 1 0

One hundred and eighty thousand days 9 9

One hundred and twenty thousand days 8 8

One hundred and forty thousand days 7 7

One hundred and sixty thousand days 6 6

One hundred and eighty thousand days 5 5

One hundred and twenty thousand days 4 4

One hundred and forty thousand days 3 3

One hundred and sixty thousand days 2 2

One hundred and eighty thousand days 1 1

One hundred and twenty thousand days 1 0

One hundred and forty thousand days 9 9

One hundred and sixty thousand days 8 8

One hundred and eighty thousand days 7 7

One hundred and twenty thousand days 6 6

One hundred and forty thousand days 5 5

One hundred and sixty thousand days 4 4

One hundred and eighty thousand days 3 3

One hundred and twenty thousand days 2 2

One hundred and forty thousand days 1 1

One hundred and sixty thousand days 1 0

NUZUM TO SPEAK AT STATE MEETING

Wisconsin Medical Society Program Completed for Green Bay.

Green Bay—Addressess by nation's all known medical authorities, technical discussions and consideration of proposed changes in Wisconsin medical laws are among the features of the 75th annual convention of the Wisconsin Medical Society here Aug. 19 to 22. Program for the convention has now been completed.

Headline speakers of the convention from beyond the state include Dr. Col. Harry L. Gilchrist, chief of the medical war division; Dr. C. A. Hammann, professor of surgery and dean of Western Reserve University, Cleveland; Dr. Frank Smith, University of Illinois; Dr. Justin M. Wright, and Dr. George W. Clegg, Cleveland clinic, Cleveland; Dr. H. Orndorf, Loyola University, Chicago, and Dr. E. S. Judd, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minn.

Legislative Board

The first session of the convention will be meetings of the legislative board, Tuesday night, Aug. 19. Committee reports, accomplishments of the association during the past year, and discussion of the policies will take place at the initial conference.

Technical sessions will open Wednesday morning, Aug. 20, with talks by Dr. T. D. Clark, Milwaukee; Dr. W. N. Nunn, Janesville; Dr. Francis J. McManam, Milwaukee; Dr. W. E. Ground, Superior, and Dr. K. W. Doeg, Marshfield. Speakers Wednesday afternoon include Dr. Col. Gilchrist, Washington; Col. Myron Shell and Dr. Dr. David C. Johnson, Milwaukee; Dr. E. J. Neff, Madison. Wednesday night a smoker will be held for visiting physicians, at which Dr. William C. Woodward, secretary of the bureau of legal medicine and legislation, American Medical Association, will discuss the work of the bureau. Dr. C. W. Gandy, executive secretary of the association, will discuss with the Wisconsin association the proposal of a full time secretary.

Thursday's Program

Several features are included on the program for Thursday, Aug. 21, including a conference of alumni of the medical schools and of the medical schools such as Chicago, Marquette, Rush, Northwestern, and the annual banquet and dances at night. Dr. Rock Sleyster, Wauwatosa, president of the Wisconsin society, will deliver his annual address at the banquet. Dr. Smith of Western Reserve, Dr. Smith of Chicago, Dr. Col. A. Hethbold, chief surgeon, state hospital, Madison, are on the program for Thursday also.

The program for the closing day, Friday, Aug. 22, includes the following speakers: Dr. Arnold S. Smith, Madison; Dr. K. K. Smith, Fond du Lac; Dr. Wm. G. DeGraaf, Dr. G. Cleveland; Dr. J. S. Evans and Dr. D. Deane, University of Wisconsin; Dr. Judd, Mayo Clinic; Dr. Ochsner, Chicago; Dr. E. J. Miodavich, Marquette University, Milwaukee; James A. Evans, Boston, Mass., and Dr. C. G. Dickey, Kenosha.

A special invitation has been extended to physicians of the upper Michigan peninsula to attend the convention. A program also has been arranged for women attendants.

INSTITUTIONS RAIDED FOR POLITICIANS

Madison—The record of appointments made by Gov. Flatho during his term as governor was attacked in a statement here Friday by Miss Adas James, leader of the Wisconsin Women's Progressive association.

Miss James urged women of the state to "get out" in September to "find the man responsible for this calamity," referring to changes in state institutions.

"No one was surprised that the board of control retained such bad eminence," Miss James declared. "The situation with the members of the board became state-wide scandal and was brought to bear by social workers and the Social Welfare conference to force the governor to take some action."

"Dr. Mayhew Park was director of the Juvenile department of the board for a few months. The position was made undesirable by the fact that the board which made her little more than a clerical assistant. Her salary was reduced and she was hampered and embarrassed until forced to resign. Dr. Prince, a man of national reputation, was dismissed as head of the children's school at Sparta."

"The truth is that our state institutions have been raided to make room for politicians."

Many Janesville Elks to Attend State Convention

A busy three days is promised Janesville Elks planning to attend the annual convention of the Wisconsin Elks' association in Milwaukee, Aug. 28-30. A large delegation from this city is expected to be in attendance.

Following is a copy of the program as received by Exalted Ruler Roger G. Cunningham:

Thursday, Aug. 29.

7:30 p. m.—Opening exercises at Janesville park, opposite new Elks club, 8:30 p. m.—Rededication of Memorial tree in memory of Wisconsin soldiers who died in the recent service of their country.

8:30 p. m.—State Fair park fireworks display.

Friday, Aug. 30.

9:30 a. m.—State Association convenes at Elks club for opening business session.

12:30 p. m.—Delegates' official inspection of Milwaukee Elks temple.

1:30 p. m.—Second business session at Elks club.

4:00 p. m.—Tour of boulevards and parks for ladies, followed by tea at Elks club.

4:30 p. m.—Elks open air stage for first play on river.

5:30 p. m.—Wisconsin Elks association testimonial dinner at Grand Exalted Ruler, Mon. John G. Price, Columbus, O., Hotel Pfister.

10:00 p. m.—Milwaukee Lodge No. 46 dance at the Wisconsin theater, Forest garden, Grand avenue at Sixth street.

Saturday, Aug. 31.

9:30 a. m.—Third business session at Elks club.

12:30 p. m.—Grand parade of all Wisconsin lodges.

7:30 p. m.—Dance, Milwaukee Elks club.

HEAVY STORMS IN ITALY

Turin, Italy—Violent storms caused numerous floods and considerable damage.

BRODHEAD

Brodhead—Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Clawson, New York City, are spending a little time in Brodhead visiting old time friends.

Joseph Chmelirko, Detroit, was a visitor to Brodhead Wednesday.

Miss Eva Ward departed Wednesday morning for a trip to Kalispell, Montana, where she will visit her son, Ray and family. She will also go to the western coast.

Miss Vern Beauls, Janesville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. A. Stephenson, in Brodhead.

Mrs. E. J. Hayes, Chicago, was a visitor to Brodhead this morning, visiting O. A. Hayes and family.

A. Armstrong, Sr., returned Tuesday from a trip to some weeks in Iowa points.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Bowen and family, Geddes, South Dakota, are here on a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Bowen and Robert and Don.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Holloman are spending the day in Monroe with friends and attending the county fair.

John Miller, Milwaukee, Wednesday, is here with relatives.

E. H. Stuart departed Wednesday for Quincy, Ill., where he will visit relatives for a fortnight.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Beagle, son, Russell, and daughter, Adele, departed Wednesday for their home in Barnes, Wis., after spending ten days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Beagle.

Peter Pearson returned from Gasson, North Dakota, where he spent some months looking after his farming interests.

CLINTON

Clinton—Perry H. Woodward, citizen, arrived here Sunday night to visit his mother, Mrs. O. L. Woodward.

Mr. J. Bush and nephew called at the W. S. Northway home.

Monday, enroute to Sheboygan, Mr. and daughter have been maintaining their home from time to time.

Mary and Nellie Wall accompanied them to Milwaukee Tuesday for a visit with friends—C. S. Johnson and daughter and New York relatives called on Clinton relatives Sunday.

Miss Leda Kohn, Carpenterville, the visitor, Milwaukee, and the wife of the husband—Miss Jean Wright, Grand Rapids, Mich., is visiting her cousin, Miss Minnie Fulkerson, Mrs. Clarence Giles and the Salisbury family.

The Rev. and Mrs. A. D. McKay and family spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Lauderdale, Lakewood, and Mrs. W. O. and son, Sandy, Neosho, and Minnie, F. R. Holman and F. W. McElroy left Tuesday by auto to attend the Bayfield pageant.

Miss Howard Bailey is assisting at the telephone office during the absence of Miss Mary White—Gladys, Anna and Robert Smith, children of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Pease are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Kelsey at the Dr. Thomas cottage, Delavan lake—Mr. and Mrs. J. Meyer, Lincoln, Neb., and Mr. and Mrs. David Feltz, Davis, Ill., called at the W. S. Northway home Sunday.

BROOKLYN

Brooklyn—Miss Edna Rasmussen returned Thursday from the General hospital, Madison.

Miss Conie Fairbanks, Madison, entertained 28 lady friends at a 1 o'clock bridge luncheon Wednesday at the home of her sister, Mrs. C. V. Morgan.

Misses R. S. Dunge and daughter, Deloit, were recent visitors at the Fred Bunt home.

Mrs. F. M. Ames was in Madison Wednesday.

Miss Jessie Jensen was in Janesville Thursday.

Misses Emily Butts and Grant Hayes, Evansville, were guests of Mrs. Clara Johnson Wednesday.

J. W. Farnsworth and daughter, Elvina, and the Loy Allen family are camping at Lake Kegonsa.

MONTICELLO

Monticello—Mrs. W. E. Bentz and son, Tom, and Mrs. Alfred Vogel and son, Tom, are here.

Miss B. J. Autman and son, Paul, are spending the week in Oakdale.

Dr. Blumer and two sons are attending a beekeepers convention in Fond du Lac—Mrs. O. E. Zenner and daughter, Laura, are spending a few days in Madison—Mr. and Mrs. John Venier are at Lake Geneva.

Mr. H. S. Autman is here from Elkhorn.

Dr. Wm. Farnsworth, Madison, was here Monday.

Misses Hilda Dick and Anna Zimmerman are spending a few days in Chicago—Miss Geraldine Rabson, former Monticello teacher, is visiting Miss Helen Kurken.

Woman Moralist Collects \$4 Here

After spending two or three days in Janesville trying to get everyone to take an individual stand against immorality, Mrs. K. L. Potter, West Frankfort, Ill., has written to City Manager Henry Traxler to tell him that her legislative collections here amounted to \$1.

Declaring in her letter that she is in a campaign for better moral conditions, Mrs. Potter goes on to say:

"Will you do what you can to have less girls ruined, less boys ruined, less homes ruined, less capital invested in them?"

Children's Knitted Capes—Very good values, pretty shades, nice quality yarn, some trimmed with brushed wool colors: open, cardinal, tan and brown, sale price... \$3.95

SPORT COATS

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95

One Old Lot of Women's and Misses' Sport Coats, size 16, \$2.95</